



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

## NOTES AND NEWS

### AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

Volume II. of the *Annual Report* for 1908, finishing the Diplomatic Correspondence of the Republic of Texas, edited by the late Professor George P. Garrison, has now been issued to members. From motives of requisite economy, the practice has been adopted of requesting members to make a positive reply as to their desire to receive the Association's bulky annual reports before the volumes are sent out. Members however who have neglected to reply to the first notifications may obtain the volumes by subsequent request. The *Annual Report* for 1909, one volume, is nearly ready for distribution. The long extra session of Congress has delayed composition upon volume I. of the *Annual Report* for 1910.

Beginning with the *Annual Report* for 1909, as previously mentioned, Miss Grace G. Griffin's annual bibliography entitled *Writings on American History*, heretofore separately published, will hereafter be incorporated in the annual reports of the Association. But libraries and individuals desiring to obtain this bibliography in separate copies will still be able to do so by applying to the secretary of the Association, Mr. Waldo G. Leland, 500 Bond Building, Washington, D. C.

### PERSONAL

We regret to learn of the approaching retirement of Father Franz Ehrle, S. J., the distinguished prefect of the Vatican Library. It is understood that he will be succeeded by Mgr. Achille Ratti, prefect of the Ambrosian Library at Milan.

M. Charles Diehl, professor of Byzantine history at the University of Paris, is to occupy by exchange the position of a professor of history at Harvard University during the first half of the present academic year, giving courses in Byzantine history and on France in the Orient in the Middle Ages.

Dr. Arthur I. Andrews of Simmons College has become associate professor of history in Tufts College.

Dr. David S. Muzzey has been appointed as "associate" (lecturer) in the historical department of Columbia University (Barnard College).

Dr. James C. Ballagh has been advanced from the grade of associate professor to that of professor of American history in the Johns Hopkins University.

Dr. Albert H. Lybyer has been promoted to a full professorship of medieval and modern European history in Oberlin College.

Dr. E. Tuthill has been promoted to the professorship of history in the University of Kentucky, Lexington.

Dr. Winfred T. Root has been appointed to an assistant professorship of history in the University of Wisconsin.

Professor E. C. Barker has been promoted from an adjunct professorship to be associate professor of American history and chairman of the department of history at the University of Texas. Dr. Frederick Dun-calf has returned to the University of Texas from his chair at Bowdoin College.

#### GENERAL

Hachette of Paris announces a *Nouvelle Histoire Universelle* in ten small volumes by eminent writers (not named). The volumes (illustrated) will be devoted separately to the Orient, Greece, Rome, Germany, America, England, Spain, Italy, France, and Russia.

The bibliographical reviews in the *Revue Historique* for July-August continue the lists for German medieval history, 1907-1909, by F. Vige-ner, for Italian history, fifteenth to eighteenth century, by L. G. Péli-sier, for modern French history, by Henri Hauser, and for Belgian national history, 1908-1910, by Eugène Hubert. There should also be mentioned the short critique by I. Kont of publications in 1910 on Hun-garian history.

In the *Cambridge Historical Series* several new volumes are announced: on the Levant, 1815-1900, by Mr. D. S. Hogarth; on the Netherlands since 1477, by Rev. George Edmundson; on Switzerland since 1499, by Rev. W. A. B. Coolidge; on Germany and the Empire, 1493-1792, by Professor A. F. Pollard; on modern Germany, 1815-1889 (two vols.), by Mr. J. W. Headlam; on modern France, 1815-1900 (two vols.), by Mr. W. A. J. Archbold; and on British India, 1603-1838, by Mr. G. W. Forrest.

For new "series" of small books offering "useful knowledge" by competent authorities on the most diverse subjects there seems to be a steady popular demand, even though the publishers' claims of educational importance for such series may be subject to discount. The latest of such is the *Home University Library* (New York, Holt). Of the books thus far brought out in the series several are historical. Mr. Hilaire Belloc on *The French Revolution* is of course interesting, and devotes himself chiefly to expounding the underlying theory, the military movements, and the dealings with the Church to which he belongs. Mrs. J. R. Green's *The Irish Nationality* has the eloquence, the warmth, and the exaggeration her larger book would lead us to expect; no nation can ever have been so gifted as the Irish or so systematically wicked as the English are shown in this brilliant diatribe to have been. On the other hand, Sir Courtenay Ilbert's *Parliament, its History, Constitution, and Practice* is a model of sane statement as well as of careful construction and authoritative knowledge. Mr. J. Ramsay Mac-

donald, chairman of the British Labor Party, writes on *The Socialist Movement*. Some of the other books may call for separate notice.

Messrs. Henry Holt and Company have published an *Historical Atlas*, prepared by Professor W. R. Shepherd of Columbia University.

Professor Lewis H. Haney of the University of Texas has brought out through Macmillan a *History of Economic Thought: a Critical Account of the Origin and Development of the Economic Theories of the Leading Thinkers of the Leading Nations*.

Dr. H. J. Nieboer's *Slavery as an Industrial System*, since its appearance in 1900 the most scientific study of the economic causes and relations of slavery among savage and barbarous nations, has been issued in a new, somewhat revised edition (Hague, Nijhoff, 1910, pp. xx, 474).

A new journal, *Archiv für die Geschichte des Sozialismus und der Arbeiterbewegung* (Leipzig, Hirschfeld) made its first appearance in November, 1910. Three numbers will be published each year. The *Archiv* is edited by Dr. Carl Grünberg, professor of political economy in the University of Vienna.

Mr. Raymond G. Gettell's *Readings in Political Science* (Boston, Ginn, pp. xli, 528) consists of 504 extracts, obviously very short, from excellent or reputable authors. Those which are historical are mostly good, but such bits do not carry one far.

Dr. F. Foy has assumed the editorship of a *Kulturgeschichtliche Bibliothek* to be published by C. Winter, Heidelberg, and the first volume has appeared (F. Gräbner, *Methode der Ethnologie*). The collection will have three sections—Ethnologische Bibliothek, Bibliothek der Europäischen Kulturgeschichte, Allgemeinere Werke.

Lieferungen 56-57 of *Die Religion in Geschichte und Gegenwart* contain a notable study by Professor K. Wenck on the College of Cardinals, with particular reference to the later Middle Ages.

Quelle and Meyer, Leipzig, have added to their collection *Wissenschaft und Bildung* (edited by Dr. Paul Heere) a brief but comprehensive study of *Das Märchen* by Friedrich von der Leyen (1911, pp. 154). The author aims especially to make more generally recognized the importance of the fairy tale and thus to forward research concerning it. Most of the volume is occupied with the consideration of the general conditions of the fairy tale and its place in literary and cultural history; this is followed by more special discussions of the Indian, Arabian, and Teutonic species.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Moritz Ritter, *Studien über die Entwicklung der Geschichtswissenschaft* (Historische Zeitschrift, CVII. 3); Leo Wiener, *Economic History and Philology* (Quarterly Journal of Economics, February); P. Barth, *Geschichte der Erziehung in soziologischer Beleuchtung* (Vierteljahrsschrift für wissenschaftliche Philosophie, XV. 1); Edward Clodd, *Primitive Man on his own*

*Origin* (Quarterly Review, July); J. H. Robinson, *The Spirit of Conservatism in the Light of History* (Journal of Philosophy, Psychology, and Scientific Method, May).

#### ANCIENT HISTORY

Messrs. Putnam announce *Aspects of Religious Belief and Practice in Babylonia and Assyria*, by Professor Morris Jastrow.

Dr. Carl Klotsch's *Epirotische Geschichte bis zum Jahre 280 v. Chr.* (Berlin, Weidmann, 1911, pp. viii, 240) is a contribution of distinct value, both scholarly and well-written.

An important work on Thucydides is Dr. G. B. Grundy's *Thucydides and the History of his Age* (London, John Murray, 1911, pp. xix, 553), in which the life of Thucydides, the text and composition of his work, the economic background of Greek history, the policy of Sparta, and the art of war and military policy of Thucydides's time are fully discussed.

In the *University of Michigan Studies*, Humanistic Series, III. 213-286 (1910), Professor H. H. Armstrong discusses "Autobiographic Elements in Latin Inscriptions", chiefly the sepulchral.

Dr. E. G. Hardy has translated, and supplied with learned introductions and notes, *Six Roman Laws* (Oxford, Clarendon Press) of the later Roman republic, namely, the Lex Aelia Repetundarum, Lex Agraria, Lex Antonia de Termessibus Maioribus, Lex Municipii Tarentini, Lex Rubria de Gallia Cisalpina, and Lex Julia Municipalis.

The *Bibliothèque des Écoles Françaises d'Athènes et de Rome* (Paris, Fontemoing) has just added a volume by Professor Pierre Jouguet of the University of Lille entitled *La Vie Municipale dans l'Égypte Romaine*.

There is perhaps no better treatment of its theme available in English than *Roman Stoicism*, lectures on the history of Stoic philosophy in the Roman Empire, by Professor E. Vernon Arnold of the University of North Wales (Cambridge University Press, 1911, pp. xii, 468).

Guglielmo Ferrero's *Century* articles on the Women of the Caesars are to be published, with some remaking, in book form by the Century Company.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: R. v. Lichtenberg, *Einflüsse der Aegäischen Kultur auf Ägypten und Palästina* (Mittheilungen der Vorderasiatischen Gesellschaft, 1911, 2); H. H. Armstrong, *Privernum*, II. *The Roman City* (American Journal of Archaeology, April-June).

#### EARLY CHURCH HISTORY

The *Revue des Questions Historiques* for July contains a very useful and comprehensive critical review by Dom Fernand Cabrol under the

title "Chronique d'Archéologie Chrétienne et de Liturgie" (pp. 158-189). It includes articles as well as books, and is particularly full for publications in English.

An English translation of Professor Hartmann Grisar's *History of Rome and the Popes during the Middle Ages* is to be published by Messrs. Kegan Paul in London, and in St. Louis by B. Herder. The first volume has already appeared.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: W. M. Ramsay, *Historical Commentaries on the Epistles to Timothy* (The Expositor, March, 1911); P. Manceaux, *La Question de Priscillianisme* (Journal des Savants, 1911, 2-3).

#### MEDIEVAL HISTORY

The diplomatic of the private document, as distinguished from that of papal bulls and imperial and royal charters, is now systematically covered by Professor Oswald Redlich of Vienna in *Urkundenlehre*, III. Teil; *Die Privaturkunden des Mittelalters*, a section of Below and Meinecke's *Handbuch*. Erben's volume on imperial and royal documents has already appeared; Schmitz-Kallenberg's on the papal is announced for this autumn.

M. J. Delaville le Roulx has collected in a volume entitled *Mélanges sur l'Ordre de S. Jean de Jérusalem* (Paris, Picard, 1910), some eighteen dissertations published by him during the last thirty years, and supplementing in a valuable manner his greater works on the Hospitallers.

An organ of the Roman curia little studied hitherto is examined carefully, as to its origins at least, in M. Léonce Celier's *Les Dataires du XV<sup>e</sup> Siècle et les Origines de la Daterie Apostolique* (Paris, Fontemoing, 1910, pp. 173), a publication of the French Schools of Athens and Rome.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Paul Allard, *Les Origines du Servage*, III. (Revue des Questions Historiques, July); Siegmund Hellman, *Studien zur Mittelalterlichen Geschichtschreibung*, I. *Gregor von Tours* (Historische Zeitschrift, CVII. 1); Henri Prentout, *Litus Saxonum, Saxones Bajocassini, Otinga Saxonia* (Revue Historique, July-August); P. Fournier, *Le Décret de Burchard de Worms: Ses Caractères, son Influence*, I. (Revue d'Histoire Ecclésiastique, July); Emil Dürr, *Galeazzo Maria Sforza und seine Stellung zu den Burgunderkriegen* (Basler Zeitschrift für Geschichte und Altertumskunde, X. 2); H. X. Arquilliére, *L'Origine des Théories Conciliaires* (Comptes-rendus de l'Académie des Sciences Morales et Politiques, May).

#### MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY

Whoever hereafter studies European diplomacy in any aspect involving the papacy, in the period from 1500 to 1648, must by all means possess a volume compiled by Mr. H. Biaudet, *Les Nonciatures Apos-*

*toliques Permanentes jusqu'en 1648*, a publication of the Finnish Academy of Sciences (*Annales*, II. 1, Helsingfors, 1910, pp. x, 329), containing carefully prepared lists of nuncios, with full names and identifications, for all Europe, together with an historical introduction on the office, and full indexes.

Messrs. G. van Oest and Company, of Brussels, have just published a curious and interesting "study in iconographic anthropology" by Dr. Osw. Rubbrecht, *L'Origine du Type Familiale de la Maison de Habsbourg* (pp. 160, 82 plates), based on a long study of portraits, and illustrated by reproductions of the best of them.

Professor Alfred Gudeman has published a supplement to his *Grundriss der Geschichte der klassischen Philologie* in the form of a collection of portraits, *Imagines Philologorum: 160 Bildnisse aus der Zeit von der Renaissance bis zur Gegenwart* (Leipzig, B. G. Teubner, 1911, pp. viii, 40).

*Archives du Musée Teyler*, serie II., vol. II., deuxième partie (Haarlem, 1911), contains (pp. 79-296) correspondence of Robert Dudley, earl of Leicester, and of François and Jean Hotman, edited by Professor P. J. Blok. In the Leicester correspondence (1582-1588) there are 66 letters, mainly to Leicester; among the correspondents are William, prince of Orange, Henry II. of France, and Henry of Navarre. The letters to François Hotman (37 in number) date from 1580 to 1589; those (numbering 27) to Jean Hotman, who was secretary to Leicester, begin in 1586 and extend to 1609. This entire group of hitherto unpublished correspondence is of unusual value for the diplomatic and political history of the period.

Messrs. Ch. De Lannoy and H. Vander Linden have published the second volume of their *Histoire de l'Expansion Coloniale des Peuples Européens*, bearing the subtitle *Néerlande et Danemark, XVII<sup>e</sup> et XVIII<sup>e</sup> Siècles* (Brussels, H. Lamertin, 1911, pp. 487).

MM. Plon-Nourrit have published a *Table Alphabétique des Noms Propres* for Sorel's *L'Europe et la Révolution Française*, the work being prepared by M. Albert Émile Sorel.

There is announced by the military publishing house of Henri Charles Lavanzelle, Paris, a new volume on Waterloo, accompanied by new documents.

The history of the Russian-Japanese war that is being published by the Russian General Staff is being issued rapidly in a German translation (Berlin, Mittler und Sohn), several volumes having appeared in 1910. The translator is Lieut.-Colonel von Tettau and the edition will be complete in five volumes in lieu of the nine of the original, a large portion being omitted as of little interest outside Russia. Lieut.-Colonel von Tettau is the author of a highly-praised work entitled

*Achtzehn Monate mit Russlands Heeren in der Mandchurei*; he commends strongly the objectivity of the staff history of the war.

F. Alcan, Paris, has published in the *Bibliothèque d'Histoire Contemporaine* a third enlarged and revised edition of A. Tardieu's *La Conférence d'Algésiras: Histoire Diplomatique de la Crise Marocaine*. The additions are mainly in an appendix entitled, "Le Maroc après la Conférence, 1906-1909".

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: P. Kalkoff, *Zu Luthers Römischem Prozess* (*Zeitschrift für Kirchengeschichte*, XXXII. 2); J. Rauscher, *Der Halleysche Komet im Jahre 1531 und die Reformatoren* (*Zeitschrift für Kirchengeschichte*, XXXII. 2); *The Battle of Fontenoy* (*Edinburgh Review*, July); François Rousseau, *L'Ambassade du Marquis de Talaru en Espagne* (*Revue des Questions Historiques*, July); A. Stern, *Zur Geschichte der Mission des Baron von Werner nach Berlin im September 1845* (*Historische Zeitschrift*, CVII. 3).

#### GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

Professor George Henderson's first course of Glasgow lectures on folk-psychology has been published under the title *Survivals of Belief among the Celts* (Glasgow, 1911, pp. 364); the examples of pagan survival into Christian times are taken chiefly from Scotland.

The Cambridge University Press has issued in three volumes (pp. 498, 496, 568) *The Collected Papers of Frederic William Maitland*, on the importance of which it is needless to enlarge. Nearly all Maitland's scattered writings save his Selden Society prefaces are included; nearly all lie in the field of legal and social history.

In the *Victoria History of the Counties of England* the latest issues are volume IV. of Hampshire and the Isle of Wight and volume IV. of Lancashire.

In *A History of Architecture in London* (London, Batsford) Mr. Walter H. Godfrey accompanies all his historical chapters with citation and drawings of examples in London still in existence.

Grotesque and trivial as serjeanties may appear in the daylight of the twentieth century, no one will question the difficulties presented by their history, the light it may throw on legal and constitutional matters in the remote past, nor the unique fitness of Mr. J. Horace Round to deal with it. This he has done in *The King's Serjeants and Officers of State, with their Coronation Services* (London, Nisbet and Company, 1911, pp. xviii, 416).

Mr. Francis A. Hibbert, headmaster of Denstone, has published a careful and well-documented monograph on *The Dissolution of the Monasteries in Staffordshire*.

The Oxford University Press announces the publication of *Anglo-Dutch Rivalry, 1600-1653*, by Rev. George Edmundson, and of volume IV. of Professor C. W. C. Oman's *History of the Peninsular War*.

*The Transactions of the Baptist Historical Society*, vol. II., no. 3, contains an article by Mr. Champlin Burrage on "Chamberlen's First Day Church", presenting contemporary records of an early Separatist church, organized in 1653-1654; also an article on the Fifth Monarchy Movement, by Mr. Farree.

Messrs. Constable and Company have just published *Municipal Origins*, by Mr. F. H. Spencer, which proceeds from the London School of Economics and is occupied with the private bill legislation of the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries, so far as it related to local governing bodies.

*British Statesmen of the Great War, 1793-1814* (the Ford Lectures for 1911), by Hon. J. W. Fortescue, has been published by the Oxford University Press.

M. Jacques Bardoux has added to his studies of Queen Victoria a volume entitled *Victoria I., Édouard VII., Georges V.*, in which he aims to expound the personal element in nineteenth-century English monarchical government and to trace its evolution. The book will be a valuable supplement to the more formal constitutional treatises.

*The Life and Letters of Sir John Hall* (Longmans), by S. M. Mitra, for which Rear-Admiral Sir R. Massie Blomfield has written an introduction, purports to be the first authoritative history of the medical department of the British army in the Crimea. Sir John Hall was the principal medical officer of the army.

British government publications: *Report on the Manuscripts of Lord Polwarth*, I. [1716-1725, Historical Manuscripts Commission].

Other documentary publications: *Registers of Bishops Baldock, Segrave, Newport, and Gravcsend of London*, II., *Grosseteste of Lincoln*, I., II., *Trillek of Hereford*, I. (Canterbury and York Society); *Records of Inverness*, vol. I., *Burgh Court Books*, 1556-1586, ed. William Mackay and Herbert Cameron Boyd (Aberdeen, New Spalding Club); *Diary of Sir Archibald Johnston of Wariston*, 1632-1639, ed. Dr. George M. Paul (Scottish Historical Society).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: C. H. Haskins, *England and Sicily in the Twelfth Century* (English Historical Review, July); C. L. Wells, *The Origin of the Petty Jury* (Law Quarterly Review, July); E. M. Blackie, *Reginald Pecock* (English Historical Review, July); G. Constant, *La Transformation du Culte Anglican sous Édouard VI.*, conclusion (Revue d'Histoire Ecclésiastique, July); E. M. G. Routh, *The English at Tangier* (English Historical Review, July); Comte Marc de Germiny, *Les Brigandages Maritimes de l'Angleterre sous le Règne de Louis XVI.*, I. (Revue des Questions Historiques, July); H. A. L. Fisher, *The Historical Work of Lord Acton* (Quarterly Review, July); C. H. Bastide, *La Crise Constitutionnelle en Angleterre* (Revue de Synthèse Historique, April).

### FRANCE

The first fascicule of the fourth volume of the *Inventaire Sommaire des Archives Historiques* has been published by the French Ministry of War (1910). It contains notices of volumes 2905-3094 of the principal series, "Correspondance", covering the years 1741-1745, and relating mainly to operations in Germany and the Netherlands.

The *Bibliothèque de l'École des Chartes* for January-April, 1911, publishes, in pursuance of the practice begun in 1903, a biennial summary of additions to the French and Latin manuscripts in the Bibliothèque Nationale during 1909 and 1910. This is the fifth such summary and it is announced that there will be published shortly a *Répertoire Général Alphabétique* of such additions for the period 1891-1910. The present list is prepared by H. Omont and represents 463 volumes; it does not however include M. Léopold Delisle's important collection of manuscripts relating to the history of Normandy, acquired by the National Library at his death, as the cataloguing was not yet completed.

The Academy of Inscriptions and Belles-Lettres has awarded the Grand Prix Gobert to M. Charles de la Roncière for his *Histoire de la Marine Française*, tomes III. and IV.

The large literature of the Religious Wars in France has been added to by a volume entitled *Les Luttes Religieuses en Champagne au XVI<sup>e</sup> Siècle: La Ligue*, by A. Prevost (Troyes, G. Fremont, 1911, pp. xvi, 348).

There has been added to the *Collection de Documents Inédits sur l'Histoire de France* a volume entitled *Les Actes de Sully passés au Nom du Roi de 1600 à 1610 par devant M. Simon Fournyer, Notaire au Châtelet de Paris*, ed. F. de Mallecoüe (Paris, Imprimerie Nationale, 1911, pp. lxxii, 516).

Mr. Paul Decharme's *Le Comptoir d'un Marchand au XVII<sup>e</sup> Siècle* (Paris, Hachette, pp. lxxvii, 245), based on the commercial correspondence, 1678-1700, of Charles Lion, merchant of Honfleur, illustrates interestingly the nature and course of mercantile business in the time of Louis XIV.

A figure of considerable interest to Americans, though of secondary historical importance, is treated competently though in a laudatory spirit by the Marquis Calmon-Maison in *L'Amiral d'Estaing* (Paris, Calmann-Lévy, 1910, pp. 513).

Among the recent volumes in the *Collection de Documents Inédits sur l'Histoire Économique de la Révolution Française* are a third volume of M. Mourlot's selection of documents from the district of Alençon, a second volume of M. Vernier's *cahiers* of the *bailliages* of Troyes and Bar-sur-Seine, and the initial volumes of two new groups on the sale of the *bicnus nationaux*, *Vosges* (Épinal), edited by M. Léon Schwab (pp. lxxxvii, 384), and *Gironde* (Bordeaux and Bourg), edited by MM. Marion, Benzacar, and Caudrillier (pp. xxxviii, 710).

An interesting addition to the material accumulated in the effort to connect Revolutionary and Napoleonic policies with the Old Régime is presented in Fr. Charles Roux's *Les Origines de l'Expédition d'Égypte* (Paris, Plon, 1910, pp. 343). He shows how the conception of Turkish alliance and maintenance of Turkish integrity had through the later eighteenth century been yielding in French policy before the perception of Turkish decline and how the idea of a French possession of Egypt as essential in the contest with England had been coming forward.

Part I. of the *Histoire Générale du Théâtre en France* (Paris, Flammarion) has been completed by the publication of tome V., being *La Comédie de la Révolution au Second Empire*, by M. Eugène Lintilhac.

The Librairie Renouard has published volume II. of M. Henri Bouillet's *L'Orfèvrerie Française aux XVIII<sup>e</sup> et XIX<sup>e</sup> Siècles*, a volume covering the period 1800–1860. The first volume of this work covered the eighteenth century; the third will deal with the period 1860 to 1900. The books are profusely illustrated and are the work of one of the leading representatives of the art in France in the latter part of the nineteenth century.

Frédéric Loliée, author of *Le Duc de Morny et la Société du Second Empire*, has of late been devoting his gifts and attainments in the personal and gossipy sides of history to the career of Talleyrand, and some time ago published a volume entitled *Talleyrand et la Société Française*. This work has now been completed by a second volume on *Talleyrand et la Société Européenne* (Paris, Émile Paul, 1911).

An extensive *Histoire de la Guerre de 1870–1871*, in fourteen volumes, by J. L. Poirier and H. Bricoux, is to be published (Paris) by the Librairie d'Éditions et de Publications Littéraires, the first volume to be issued in August, 1911, and the later ones at intervals of three months. The two volumes on the siege of Paris will however be distributed in weekly parts from August, 1911.

An important new work begins with the publication of volume I. of Edmond Lepelletier's *Histoire de la Commune de 1871* (Paris, Mercure de France, 1911, pp. 555).

*Souvenirs de Casablanca*, by Captain Paul Azan (Paris, Hachette, 1911, pp. xiii, 417), is a vivid and exceedingly minute narrative of an interesting episode of recent North African warfare, composed from diaries and illustrated by many photographs, by a clever and competent young officer.

M. Paul Lacombe, who in 1902 published a *Bibliographie des Travaux de M. Léopold Delisle*, has now issued a supplement (Paris, Henri Leclerc, 1911, pp. xxiii, 87), containing the numbers 1890–2102 and various corrections to the main bibliography.

An important addition to the religious and artistic history of France is the work entitled *Le Mont Saint-Michel: Histoire de l'Abbaye et de la Ville: Étude Archéologique et Architecturale des Monuments*, by Paul Gont, Architecte-en-Chef des Monuments Historiques (Paris, Armand Colin, 1911, pp. 772, with 470 engravings and 38 plates). It has been awarded the Prix Bordin by the Academy of Inscriptions and Belles-Lettres.

M. François Galabert, conservator of the Toulouse archives, projects, with the aid of M. Clovis Lassalle, the publication of an *Album de Paléographie et de Diplomatique, Fac-similés de Documents relatifs à l'Histoire du Midi de la France et en particulier de la Ville de Toulouse, conservés dans les Archives Méridionales*. The work will be published at Toulouse in ten issues, through five years; the facsimiles will be complete and will be accompanied by transcriptions.

Paul Courtreault gives in the *Revue des Questions Historiques* for July, under the title "Bulletin du Sud-Ouest (1909-1910)", "une vue d'ensemble sur le progrès des études préhistoriques, archéologiques et historiques dans le Sud-Ouest de la France". He cites the efforts of the Union Historique et Archéologique du Sud-Ouest (organized 1907) as representing considerable advance in scientific work in this region; the Union publishes a quarterly *Bulletin* especially in the interests of regional bibliography.

The archives of the Grimaldi family (of Genoese origin and established in Provence in the sixteenth century) acquired recently by the Prince of Monaco, have now been made accessible to students through the publication of an inventory prepared by M. G. Lavergne (Paris, Picard, 1911, pp. xii, 323). There are many documents of general interest. The Grimaldi family occupies a prominent place in a book announced by Fontemoing with the title *Les Cavallerone en France et les Cavallerone de Caravanna, 1440-1911*, by Théophile Cavallerone.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Gustave Fagniez, *Fancan et Richelieu*, II. (Revue Historique, July-August); L. de Preadeau, *Fénelon Révolutionnaire* (Revue des Études Historiques, March-April); J. Loutchisky, *Les Classes Paysannes en France au XVIII<sup>e</sup> Siècle*, I., II. (Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine, May-June, July-August); W. Hasbach, *Ist Montesquieu ein Anhänger der Lehre von der Volkssouveränität* (Zeitschrift für Sozialwissenschaft, 1911, 1); L. Abensour, *Le Féminisme sous la Monarchie de Juillet*, II. (Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine, May-June); Chr. Pfister, *Les Régions de la France*, VIII. *La Lorraine, le Barrois et les Trois-Évêchés* (Revue de Synthèse Historique, April).

#### ITALY, SPAIN, AND PORTUGAL

The *Annuario del R. Archivio di Stato in Milano per l'anno 1911* (Milan, Palazzo del Senato, pp. 147) is the first important Italian pub-

lication of the kind, and may be taken as witnessing to a growing activity in this field and showing the substantial results of the work of the new Scuola di Paleografia.

The whole work of the Società Storica Subalpina during its first eleven years of existence, 1899-1910, comprehending the sixty volumes of its *Biblioteca*, is described and reviewed at length in some thirty pages of the *Rivista Storica Italiana*, fourth series, III. 2, by Professor L. C. Bollea.

In volume II. of *Studi e Memorie per la Storia dell' Università di Bologna* (Bologna, 1911, pp. 229) the chief contents are a long article by Professor Giovanni Martinotti on the teaching of anatomy in Bologna before the nineteenth century, and another by the same author on the relation of Archbishop Prospero Lambertini, afterward Pope Benedict XIV., to that study.

An interesting addition to the monographic material for the relations between State and Church in the later Middle Ages is Oscar Wilhelm Canz's *Philipp Fontana Erzbischof von Ravenna: Ein Staatsmann des XIII. Jahrhunderts* (Leipzig, Quelle und Meyer, 1911, pp. xii, 103). Fontana was one of the chief aids of the papacy in the struggle with the imperial authority in Upper Italy; this study covers the period 1240-1270.

Dr. Karl Frey's new critical edition of Vasari's *Vite de' più eccellenti Pittori, Scultori e Architettori* (Munich, Georg Müller) begins with the publication of the first of seven or eight volumes (pp. xxiv, 914), covering only the artists from Cimabue to the Pisani, and presenting in introductions, notes, and appendixes an extraordinary variety of explanatory and illustrative matter, especially abundant in respect to the discoveries of the last twenty years in the history of Italian art. Meanwhile the Medici Society of London inaugurates its own commemoration of Vasari's quattrocentenary by bringing out the first of a luxurious series of ten volumes containing the *Lives* in a new English translation by Mr. Gaston de Vere, elaborately edited and annotated by Messrs. Edward Hutton and F. Mason Perkins.

The librarian of the Vatican Library, Mgr. Franz Ehrle, S. J., has followed his production of Du Pérac's Map of Rome, A. D. 1577 (XV. 133 of this journal) with a second issue in the same series, *Roma al Tempo di Giulio III.: La Pianta di Roma di Leonardo Bufalini del 1551, riprodotta dall' Esemplare esistente nella Biblioteca Vaticana* (Rome, Danesi, 1911). The reproduction is of great value and the text, a masterpiece of topographical learning and acumen, covers the life and works of Bufalini and the stage reached in his time by the art of engraving and the print-trade, as well as the needful comment upon the map itself. The series, *Le Piane Maggiori di Roma dei Secoli XVI e XVII*, will be continued with phototypes of seventeenth-century maps, edited in the same elaborate manner.

M. Jacques Rambaud's doctoral thesis *Naples sous Joseph Bonaparte, 1806-1808* (Paris, Plon-Nourrit, pp. li, 572), is based on thorough researches in the archives of Paris, London, Naples, Palermo, and Rome. He has also separately published through the same house a volume of *Lettres Inédites ou Éparses de Joseph Bonaparte à Naples, 1806-1808*.

Mr. George Macaulay Trevelyan's *Garibaldi and the Making of Italy*, continuing his previous works in the same field, will be soon published by Messrs. Longmans.

The Italian semi-centennial celebrations have resulted in the publication by the Chamber of Deputies of a collection of documents, *Le Assemblee del Risorgimento*, in fifteen volumes, illustrating the history of the various representative assemblies of the period indicated, at Rome (four volumes), in Sicily (four), in Tuscany (three), at Naples (two), and elsewhere, with useful historical introductions.

The Conde de las Navas, librarian of the King of Spain, has begun the publication of an extensive *Catálogo de la Real Biblioteca* (Madrid, Ducazal). Two quarto volumes have been issued. The first is devoted to a history of the royal libraries of Spain.

Under the editorship of Don Juan Sanchez, it is announced, a journal devoted to monographs and articles in Spanish and Spanish-American history will soon begin to be published in Madrid (Suarez), bearing the title *Archivo de Investigaciones Históricas (España y América Española)*.

P. Boissonade contributes to the *Revue de Synthèse Historique* for April, 1911, an important review of "Les Études relatives à l'Histoire Économique de l'Espagne et leurs Résultats". It covers the Visigothic and Mussulman periods.

Professor John M. Burnam of the University of Cincinnati intends to publish, in fifteen fascicules (Paris, Champion), *Palaeographia Iberica*, containing facsimiles of manuscripts and documents of Spain and Portugal, ranging from the eighth to the fifteenth century.

A recent study of much general value for workers in Spanish material is Vlastimil Kybal's *Über die Bedeutung des General-Archivs zu Simancas für die neuere Geschichte Oesterreichs* (Wien, Gesellschaft für Neuere Geschichte Oesterreichs, 1910, pp. 65). The author goes thoroughly into the conditions of the use of the Simancas archives since their opening in 1844 and into the nature and value of the collections. As an appendix he prints the parts relating to Germany of the inventories of 1630 and 1819.

The first number of *Revista del Centro de Estudios Históricos de Granada y su Reino*, issued in the beginning of the present year, has come to hand. The title of the new periodical indicates in a general way its aims. The principal article in this issue is "Entrada de los Reyes Católicos en Granada al Tiempo de su Rendición", by Señor Mariano Gaspar Remiro, director of the *Centro*. Señor Remiro also

discourses upon the inscriptions of the Alhambra; Señor Nicolás Pérez Serrano contributes a paper entitled "Alzamiento de Alahmar en Arjona".

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Weil, *Marie Caroline Reine de Naples: Lettres Inédites au Marquis de Gallo* (Revue Historique de la Révolution Française, II. 1); W. Friedensburg, *Die Einigung Italica* (Deutsche Rundschau, March); Ersilio Michel, *Giuseppe Mazzini a Firenze e a Napoli dal Luglio al Dicembre 1860* (Nuova Antologia, April 1); G. C. Barbavara, *Le Relazioni di Cavour con Garibaldi nel Biennio 1860-1861* (Piemonte, II. 3-4).

#### GERMANY AND AUSTRIA

R. Oldenbourg, Munich, has published as the concluding section of Band 18 of the Bavarian Historical Commission's *Geschichte der Wissenschaften in Deutschland*, the third and final section of Professor Ernst Landberg's *Geschichte der Deutschen Rechtswissenschaft*, consisting of a volume of text (pp. xvi, 1008) and a volume of notes (pp. viii, 414).

Band VII. of Hiersemann's *Handbücher* is entitled *Deutschlands Mittelalterliche Kunstdenkmäler als Geschichtsquelle*, by Oscar Daering (Leipzig, Karl W. Hiersemann, pp. xv, 414, with 119 illustrations). The author comes from the Carolingian period to 1500 and deals with all varieties of artistic work. The same publisher has issued *Deutsche und Niederländische Holzbildwerke in Berliner Privatbesitz*, by Dr. M. J. Friedlander, director of the Kaiser Friedrich Museum, the publication being under the auspices of the Kunstgeschichtliche Gesellschaft of Berlin.

Heft 24 of Brandenburg, Seeliger, and Wilcken's *Leipziger Abhandlungen* entitled *Zur Geschichte des Reichsmatrikelwesens im ausgehenden Mittelalter (1422-1521)*, by Johannes Sieber, is a doctoral dissertation at the University of Leipzig. The author does not present his work as a complete study of the subject, and acknowledges that as the publication of the *Reichstagsakten* has reached only the year 1438 such a study is not yet possible; he has proceeded on the belief however that the older material is sufficient for a preliminary study and that later detail will not modify the conclusions essentially.

Of considerable interest as a survey of the state of the question is the recent rectoral address at Tübingen of Anton Buhler, *Wald und Jagd zu Anfang des 16. Jahrhunderts und die Entstehung des Bauernkriegs* (Tübingen, J. C. B. Mohr, 1911, pp. 28). He concludes that while the forest claims of the peasants were not always legally sound, their complaints of injury through the game conditions were thoroughly justified.

Karl W. Hiersemann, Leipzig, announces the publication of *Hans Burgkmair des Jüngeren Turnierbuch von 1529*, in imperial folio, comprising sixteen hand-colored plates with explanatory text, edited by Dr.

Heinrich Pallmain. These plates had their origin in earlier wood-engravings of actual tournaments, executed by Albrecht Dürer and Hans Burgkmair the Elder by direction of the Emperor Maximilian, and the present facsimile reproductions will be of much value for those interested in the knightly equipment of the period. The book is published at 200 marks.

Georg Witzel continues in the *Westdeutsche Zeitschrift* (XXIX. 4) his studies in the economic aspects of the emigration from the Netherlands into Germany in the sixteenth century, dealing particularly with the foundation thus laid for silk industries in Frankfort during the period 1562-1614.

Mr. E. F. Henderson contributes to the *Heroes of the Nations* series (Putnams) a book on Blücher.

Professor Friedrich Meinecke's *Weltbürgerthum und Nationalstaat: Studien zur Geschichte der Deutschen Nationalstaates*, is announced in a second revised edition by Oldenbourg (Munich, pp. viii, 515). The work deals particularly with the development of the idea of German nationality through the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries and with the growth of the idea and fact of Prussian leadership.

Dr. Kurt Dorien, in his *Der Bericht des Herzogs Ernst II. von Coburg über den Frankfurter Fürstentag 1863: Ein Beitrag zur Kritik seiner Memoiren* [Historische Bibliothek von der Historischen Zeitschrift, Band 21] (Munich, Oldenbourg, 1910, pp. xiii, 170), chooses the particular episode of the Fürstentag of 1863 as a means of testing the *Memoirs of Duke Ernest II.*, pursues the test somewhat ponderously and diffusely, and concludes, as one might expect, that memoirs springing from so warm a temperament are not an impeccable source of historical knowledge.

The J. B. Metzlersche Buchhandlung, Stuttgart, has published *Bismarck und die Hohenzollernkandidatur in Spanien*, by Ernst Marx. The study is directed especially to the problem of Bismarck's motives in forwarding the candidacy.

The recent series of articles by M. Georges Goyau in the *Revue des Deux Mondes* has now made its appearance in book form under the title *Bismarck et l'Église: Le Culturkampf, 1870-1878* (Perrin, two volumes).

Dr. R. Charmatz's little *Oesterreichs Innere Geschichte von 1848 bis 1907* (Leipzig, Teubner, 1908; see this journal, XIV. 586, XV. 391) has advanced to a second edition, published with but slight changes.

Among the few new books on Bohemian history a prominent place will be taken by Professor Louis Léger's *La Renaissance Tchèque au XIX<sup>e</sup> Siècle* (Paris, F. Alcan, 1911, pp. xv, 273).

A recent issue of the *Leipziger Historische Abhandlungen* (Brandenburg, Seeliger, and Wilcken) is *Das Territorium der Reichsstadt Mühl-*

hausen i. Th.: *Forschungen zur Erwerbung, Verwaltung und Verfassung der Mühlhauser Dörfer*, by Dr. Raimund Steinert (Leipzig, Quelle und Meyer, 1910, pp. xv, 98). This very promising dissertation is based mainly on the Mühlhausen archives, and aims to trace in detail the gathering together of the Mühlhausen lands, and to describe the conditions of organization and government under which the rural subjects of the imperial city lived throughout its free career. A study of this kind executed with the care and thoroughness that marks this volume cannot fail to be an important addition to our exact knowledge of the old Germany.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Fritz Hartung, *Die Wahlkapitulationen der Deutschen Kaiser und Könige* (Historische Zeitschrift, CVII. 3); O. Rachel, *Die Handelsverfassung der Norddeutschen Städte vom 15. bis 18. Jahrhundert* (Jahrbücher für Gesetzgebung, 1910, 3); A. C. McGiffert, *Martin Luther and his Work*, VIII., IX., X. (Century, July, August, September); R. von Schrötter, *Die Ergänzung des Preussischen Heeres unter dem ersten Könige* (Forschungen zur Brandenburgisch-Preussischen Geschichte, XXIII. 2); M. Hamisch, *Das Oesterreichische Tabakmonopol im 18. Jahrhundert* (Vierteljahrsschrift für Sozial- und Wirtschaftsgeschichte, VIII. 2-3); H. Van Houtte, *Contribution à l'Histoire Commerciale des États de l'Empereur Joseph II.* (Vierteljahrsschrift für Sozial- und Wirtschaftsgeschichte, VIII. 2-3); H. Oncken, *Deutschland und Oesterreich, 1871-1911* (Deutsche Rundschau, April); O. Schneider, *Bismarck und die Preussisch-Deutsche Freihandelspolitik* (Jahrbücher für Gesetzgebung, 1910, 3); G. Goyau, *Bismarck et l'Épiscopat*, V. (Revue des Deux Mondes, May 7); C. Varntrapp, *Briefe an Ranke von einigen seiner Schüler: Sybel, Carlson, Herrmann, Pauli und Noorden* (Historische Zeitschrift, CVII. 1).

#### NETHERLANDS AND BELGIUM

The Historisch Genootschap te Utrecht has published in two volumes of its *Werken* (third series, no. 27, ed. J. A. Feith and H. Brugmans) *De Kroniek van Abel Eppens tho Equart*, an important new source for the history of Groningen and East Friesland, especially for the period 1580-1589; and will shortly issue a volume of church visitations of the same century, *Kerkvisitaties in het Sticht Utrecht in 1566 en volgende Jaren*, ed. S. Muller Fz.

The Dutch Committee of Advice on National Historical Publications has entrusted to Dr. Gisbert Brom, director of the Dutch Historical Institute in Rome, the preparation of a collection of documents in Roman archives illustrating the history of Reformation and Counter-Reformation in the Netherlands, 1517-1602.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: V. Pabst, *Die äussere Politik der Grafschaft Flandern unter Ferrand von Portugal, 1212-1233* (Bulletin de la Commission Royale [Belge] d'Histoire, LXXX. 2).

### NORTHERN AND EASTERN EUROPE

The Taylorian Curators at Oxford have elected Professor C. Raymond Beazley of Birmingham to give the Ilchester Lectures on Russian History in 1912.

Volume IV. of the Cornell University Library's *Islandica*, prepared like the preceding annual issues by Mr. Halldór Hermannsson (Ithaca, 1911, pp. 83), is devoted to the ancient laws of Norway and Iceland. It is not, like its predecessors, confined to books already in the Fiske Library, but presents the general bibliography of the subject as completely as possible, and with sparing but excellent annotations.

MM. Perrin, of Paris, have published *L'Europe et la Jeune Turquie: Les Aspects Nouveaux de la Question d'Orient*, by René Pinon, author of various other works in this field.

### THE FAR EAST AND INDIA

Professor K. Asakawa's Notes on Village Government in Japan after 1600, in volumes XXX. and XXXI. of the *Journal of the American Oriental Society*, give more complete institutional information of this side of Japanese feudalism than can be found elsewhere in English.

Hawking L. Yen's *Survey of the Constitutional Development in China*, which appears among the *Columbia University Studies in History, Economics, and Public Law* (Longmans), is the work of an Oriental who maintains that Western civilization may learn something to its advantage from the political institutions of China.

*De Vestiging van de Nederlanders aan de Kust van Koromandel*, doctoral dissertation of Mr. Heert Terpstra (Groningen, De Waal, 1911, pp. 212), confines itself to the period of foundation, from the voyage of the *Delft*, 1605, to the end of 1610. The importance of the Coromandel coast to the Dutch lay in the opportunity for carrying trade by exchanging its cottons against the spices of the Moluccas. With careful archival research and excellent knowledge of these cloths and of commercial and economic conditions in the East Indies, Mr. Terpstra tells with sobriety an interesting and not unimportant tale.

### AMERICA

#### GENERAL ITEMS

Mr. W. G. Leland's researches in Paris archives on behalf of the Carnegie Institution of Washington are drawing to a conclusion and he will return to the United States in November. The summer not sufficing for the inspection of the Foreign Office and Admiralty papers from 1837 to 1860, undertaken by Professor Charles E. Fryer in order to complete the volume prepared by Dr. Charles O. Paullin and Professor Frederic L. Paxson, its completion will be carried through by Mr. David W. Parker, who goes to London for that purpose in October. Meantime he has finished at Halifax and Fredericton, as well as at Ottawa, the prepara-

ration, so far as those archives are concerned, of his *Guide to the Materials for United States History in Canadian Archives*. Examination of the archives of Toronto is necessarily postponed by local conditions. It has been decided that Mr. Roscoe R. Hill's calendar of the materials for United States history in the section of the Archives of the Indies known as the "Papeles procedentes de la Isla de Cuba" shall be extended a year longer than was originally contemplated, being brought to a termination in the spring of 1913 instead of 1912, by reason of the unexpected abundance of material found. Much of the endeavor of the Department of Historical Research in the year 1912 will be devoted to preparations for the making of an atlas of the historical geography of the United States.

The Division of Manuscripts in the Library of Congress has recently acquired the public and private papers, 1810-1876, of the Emperor Augustin Yturbi of Mexico; a miscellaneous collection of manuscripts relating to West Florida affairs and Andrew Jackson's connection therewith, 1799-1827; the papers of Gideon Welles; and those of J. L. M. Curry. *The Calendar of Van Buren Papers* has been issued.

*A History of the United States for Schools*, with maps and illustrations, by A. C. McLaughlin and C. H. Van Tyne, has been published by Appleton.

The May number of the *Magazine of History* contains a statement by Mr. Victor H. Paltsits concerning the classic nomenclature of western New York, which shifts the responsibility for that nomenclature from the shoulders of Simeon DeWitt to those of Governor George Clinton, Secretary Lewis A. Scott, Treasurer Gerard Bancker, and Auditor Peter T. Curtenius. The *Magazine* also prints several letters of interest, including one from James McHenry to Governor Hawley (January 2, 1781), one from Henry Knox to Samuel Osgood (July 9, 1782) concerning Baron Steuben, and one from Washington to John Gill (November 12, 1799) relative to a land transaction. There is also a portion of a letter from James Madison to Alexander Hamilton (November 27, 1797), which sounds like the preliminaries of a duel. It is to be regretted that the *Magazine* could not print the letter entire since it brings into view an episode in the personal history of the two men that is not generally known. The entire letter, nevertheless, leaves the episode still in some obscurity.

Mr. Edward Myers is publishing in the *Magazine of American History*, a small periodical issued at Port Chester, New York, some brief sketches of the work of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

Dr. B. C. Steiner continues his annalistic survey of Maryland history by an installment in the *Johns Hopkins University Studies* (XXIX. 1) entitled *Maryland under the Commonwealth: a Chronicle of the Years 1649-1658* (pp. 178). No. 2 of the volume is *The Dutch Republic and*

*the American Revolution*, by Dr. Friedrich Edler of the German embassy in Washington. A monograph by Professor W. T. Laprade on the History of Slavery in the District of Columbia is announced to appear in the same series.

Students of the history of American educational management will be glad to have *A History of Public Permanent Common School Funds in the United States, 1795-1905* (New York, Holt, 1911, pp. 493), by Mr. Fletcher H. Swift, professor of education in the University of Minnesota.

Mr. Otto Heller contributes to the January issue of the *German American Annals* several of Charles Sealsfield's descriptions of American life, which appeared in German periodicals in 1828, and Mr. Preston A. Barba discusses the sources of these descriptions. In the same number of the *Annals* appears an installment of the "Journal of Du Roi the Elder", lieutenant and adjutant in the service of the Duke of Brunswick, 1776-1777, translated from the original German manuscript in the Library of Congress by Charlotte S. J. Epping.

#### ITEMS ARRANGED IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER

No. 81 of the *Publications* of the Hispanic Society of America is an *Atlas of Portolan Charts, printed in facsimile of Manuscript in the British Museum*, edited by Dr. E. L. Stevenson, who writes an introduction and gives a list of the charts.

Professor Ernst Daenell, well known in various American universities through his lecture courses of the past year, has just published *Die Spanier in Nordamerika von 1513 bis 1824*, as Band 22 of the *Historische Zeitschrift's Historische Bibliothek* (Munich, R. Oldenbourg, pp. xv, 247).

Volume I. of *An Historical Digest of the Provincial Press*, compiled and edited by L. H. Weeks and E. M. Bacon, the plan of which was mentioned in a previous number of this journal, has now appeared (Boston, Society for Americana).

Mr. Clarence M. Burton has edited, and the Society of Colonial Wars of the State of Michigan has published (Detroit, pp. 55, with three maps), the *Journal of J. L. [John Lees, sr.] of Quebec, Merchant*, being Brit. Mus. Add. MS. 28,605. It is a journal of travel from London in 1768 to Boston, New York, Albany, Fort Stanwix, Fort Oswego, Niagara, Erie, Detroit, and Montreal, and is an interesting narrative, very well annotated.

The Rev. Madison C. Peters has written a sketch bearing the title *Haym Salomon, the Financier of the Revolution: an unwritten Chapter in American History* (Baker and Taylor Company, pp. 49). The sketch is produced in connection with the movement to erect a monument to Salomon. As touching this movement attention may be called to a note entitled "False Heroes", by Mr. Worthington C. Ford, in the *Nation* for June 29.

The Treasury Department's Committee on Auditing has issued a report on *The Accounting System of the United States from 1789 to 1910* (Washington, 1911, pp. 116), embracing some 20 pages of historical data followed by a reprint of laws relating to the auditing offices.

M. Albert Mathiez has published in separate form the *Lettres de Volney à La Révellière-Lépeaux, 1795-1798*, respecting America.

*Rafinesque: a Sketch of his Life, with Bibliography* (pp. 239), by T. J. Fitzpatrick, M. S., has been published at Des Moines by the Historical Department of Iowa. Constantine Samuel Rafinesque, naturalist, was born in a suburb of Constantinople in 1783, came to the United States first in 1802, and took up his residence permanently in this country in 1815. From 1819 to 1825 he lectured at Transylvania University in Lexington, Kentucky; afterward he made his residence principally in Philadelphia, where he died in 1840. He made numerous scientific excursions in different parts of the United States, particularly in the West, and wrote many books and articles on subjects of natural history. The author of this sketch gathers the principal facts in the life of Rafinesque and includes several appreciations (and some criticisms) from fellow naturalists. The sketch occupies 62 pages of the volume, the bibliography 155, including numerous title-pages in facsimile, and a "Bibliotheca Rafinesque" covers twenty pages more.

Mr. A. C. Quisenberry's *General Zachary Taylor and the Mexican War*, which appeared in the May number of the *Register of the Kentucky State Historical Society*, has been issued separately by the society (pp. 72), with an introduction by the editor of the *Register*, Mrs. Jennie C. Morton.

A volume of *Selections from the Letters, Speeches, and State Papers of Abraham Lincoln*, edited by Miss Ida M. Tarbell, has been published by Ginn and Company.

*The Photographic History of the Civil War*, which the Review of Reviews Company some time ago projected, has now appeared.

The J. P. Bell Company of Lynchburg have brought out *Personal Reminiscences of the War of 1861-1865*, by W. H. Morgan.

*The History of the 3d, 7th, 8th, and 12th Kentucky, C. S. A.*, by Henry George, has been published in Louisville by C. T. Dearing. The author was a member of the Seventh Kentucky regiment.

A. C. McClurg and Company announce for publication this autumn a volume of recollections by Senator Shelby M. Cullom to be entitled *Fifty Years of Public Service*.

B. W. Huebsch will bring out in the autumn the autobiography of Tom L. Johnson. A biography, by Carl Lorenz, has already appeared from the press of A. S. Barnes and Company.

## LOCAL ITEMS, ARRANGED IN GEOGRAPHICAL ORDER

Volume XXX. of the *New Hampshire State Papers*, edited by Mr. Albert S. Batchellor (Manchester, pp. xvii, 658) is devoted to miscellaneous Revolutionary documents, including the Association test, the pension rolls, and other important papers.

After twenty-five years of labor, chiefly conducted by the late Messrs. John Noble and William P. Upham, the early files of the courts of last resort in Massachusetts, extending from 1629 to 1800, have been systematically arranged and preserved for historical examination. The collection now fills 1293 volumes of unusual size and contains the records of about 175,000 cases, including about a million papers, illustrating almost every aspect of the history of Massachusetts.

The city registrar of Boston has published as volume XXXIX. of the city's record series the *Minutes of Selectmen's Meetings* from September 1, 1818, to April 2, 1822.

The Essex Institute has recently published the third volume of the *Diary of William Bentley*, D.D., pastor of the East Church of Salem: it traverses the years 1803-1810.

The Connecticut Historical Society has recently published in its *Collections* the second volume of the Law papers, largely made up of documents respecting the defense of Louisburg, the proposed expedition against Crown Point, and the frontier war against the Indians.

"An Act relating to Public Records and Historical Documents", which was passed by the general assembly of New York in June, creates the office of supervisor of public records and places both that office and the existing office of state historian under the Education Department, the latter office being altered in title to "Division of History". The clause defining the functions of the Division of History is phrased with curious limitations, stating its duties to be the preparation for publication of "all official records, memoranda, and data relative to the colonial wars, war of the revolution, war of eighteen hundred and twelve, Mexican war and war of the rebellion, together with all official records, memoranda, and statistics affecting the relations between this commonwealth and foreign powers, between this state and other states, and between this state and the United States". *Voilà tout.* The governor has appointed Mr. Thomas C. Quinn of New York City supervisor of public records.

The latest historical additions to the *Columbia University Studies in History, Economics, and Public Law* are *Political History of New York State during the Period of the Civil War*, by Mr. S. D. Brumme (New York, Longmans), and Mr. Edgar J. Fisher's *New Jersey as Royal Province*, which treats of the political history of the province and of its part in the colonial wars and in the preliminaries of the Revolution.

The opening pages of the April issue of the *Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography* are devoted to the record of the presentation of the portrait of the late Henry Charles Lea to the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, including remarks by William Brooke Rawle, Hampton L. Carson, and Samuel W. Pennypacker. Mr. Edward R. Turner is the author of a valuable paper on "Slavery in Colonial Pennsylvania", while Mr. William Nelson writes an interesting sketch of the beginnings of the iron industry in Trenton, New Jersey. The principal documentary materials are the continuation of the orderly book of General Muhlenberg; the records of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Congregation, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, 1750-1764; William Penn's account with Samuel Jennings, receiver-general, 1690-1693; and the town dockets of Chesterfield township, Burlington County, New Jersey, 1692-1712, printed from the original in the Library of Congress. In the "Notes and Queries" department appear several eighteenth-century letters that are of interest.

Documentary publications in the July issue of the same magazine are: letters of James Logan to Thomas Penn and Richard Peters; extracts from the diary of Joseph Heatly Dulles (1814), contributed by Charles W. Dulles; selections from the diary of Christiana Leach, of Kingsessing, 1765-1796, contributed by Robert H. Hinckley; an installment of the orderly book of Colonel Henry Bicker, of the second Pennsylvania Continental line, edited by Dr. John W. Jordan; a letter from Colonel William Thompson, January 25, 1775; and one from General John Armstrong, December 22, 1777. Contributed articles are: "A Philadelphia Schoolmaster of the Eighteenth Century" (David James Dove), by Joseph Jackson; and "Who was the Mother of Franklin's Son", by Charles Henry Hart.

We have received the *Acts and Proceedings* of the sixth annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Federation of Historical Societies held at Harrisburg on January 5. Among the proceedings is a valuable report on the preservation of manuscript records, brought in by a committee composed of Professor Herman V. Ames, Mr. Albert Cook Myers, and Mr. H. Frank Eshleman. The address of the president, Mr. Gilbert Cope, points out the lines of effort of the federation. The conspectus of the work of the component societies continues to be a valuable feature of the *Acts and Proceedings* of the federation as published.

Mr. P. Lee Phillips, chief of the Division of Maps of the Library of Congress, has brought out through Lowdermilk a bibliographical account and facsimile reproduction of the rare map of Virginia and Maryland by Augustine Herrman, first lord of Bohemia Manor, Maryland.

The *Bulletin* of the Virginia State Library for January, 1911, comprises principally "A List of the Official Publications of the Confederate States Government in the Virginia State Library and the library of the Confederate Memorial Literary Society". The items number 659

and include titles of bills, committee reports, resolutions, and other printed documents of a sort not included in Dr. D. S. Freeman's *Calendar of Confederate Papers*. Much also of this material has been brought to light since Mr. Hugh A. Morrison published his *Bibliography of Official Publications of the Confederate States of America*. The *Bulletin* prints also four reports of the superintendent of public printing of the Confederacy belonging to the years 1863 and 1864.

Appended to the *Seventh Annual Report* (1909-1910) of the Library Board of the Virginia State Library is a *Record of Virginia Copyright Entries, 1790-1844*, with an introduction by J. H. Whitty. These entries were copied by Mr. Whitty from loose title-pages which were formerly in the possession of Judge Robert W. Hughes. Another appendix to the *Report* is a monograph of forty-seven pages, made up largely of documentary records, on the seals of Virginia.

The *Virginia Magazine of History and Biography* prints in the July issue a long letter, dated February 10, 1756, from Rev. James Maury to Philip Ludwell on the defence of the frontiers of Virginia. Other items of interest in this number are: the instructions to Lord Culpepper, November 7, 1682, from the Randolph manuscript; a letter from Thomas Ludwell to Lord Berkeley of Stratton relative to conditions in Virginia; some correspondence between Governor Berkeley and Lord Arlington; a letter from Governor Spotswood to the governor of North Carolina (1712) relative to the Indians; and an "Examination of Indians" (1813).

The July number of the *William and Mary College Quarterly Historical Magazine* contains a letter of George Washington to Colonel William Washington, September 21, 1794, a letter of Madison to Thomas W. Gilmer in 1830, on education, one of Clay to the same gentleman, 1836, on distribution of the surplus, and one of Calhoun to the same, 1843, on the political position of Virginia. A list of Virginia pensioners of 1782 is also presented.

The *John P. Branch Historical Papers*, volume III., no. 3 (issued in June) comprises principally a group of letters of Thomas Ritchie, ranging in date from 1813 to 1844, although few of them antedate 1830. A number of the letters are to William C. Rives and relate mainly to politics, several are to Archibald Ritchie, a brother, two are to Martin Van Buren, one to James Madison, and one to Benjamin F. Butler. In addition to the letters there is an address, eight pages in extent, to the Democrats of Virginia, October, 1840, and also an editorial by Ritchie, which appeared in the *Richmond Enquirer*, August 12, 1842, replying to criticisms of his attitude toward John C. Calhoun. A letter of C. W. Gooch to Van Buren (1835) relative to Ritchie possesses considerable interest. This issue of the *Papers* contains also a sketch of William B. Giles, by George M. Betty.

The article of chief interest in the June issue of the *Records of the American Catholic Historical Society* is "Catholics in Colonial Virginia", by Martin I. J. Griffin.

A *Biographical Sketch of Hon. Charles Fenton Mercer, 1778-1858* (pp. 95), by Professor James Mercer Garnett, has been privately printed at Richmond (Whittet and Shepperson). Mercer was for a time a member of the Virginia House of Delegates, and from 1817 to 1840 a member of Congress. During his service in Congress and afterward he was active in opposition to the slave trade. The author includes in his biography an autobiographical sketch of Mercer, twenty pages in extent, some of his addresses, and considerable of his correspondence. The correspondence includes letters to and from Bishop Hobart of New York, pertaining principally to the earlier part of Mercer's career, and some letters written from Europe in the later years of his life.

In accordance with an arrangement which we have previously mentioned as likely to take place, the Society for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities has come into possession of the house of Chief Justice Marshall in Richmond and will preserve it as a memorial and a museum of objects connected with his life.

The *Third Biennial Report* of the Department of Archives and History of the State of West Virginia, prepared by Virgil A. Lewis, state historian and archivist, has appeared. Embodied in the *Report* is a classified list of works relating to West Virginia, which are on the department's shelves. Accompanying the *Report* is a variety of documentary material, together with narrative and explanatory matter, bearing the title "The Soldiery of West Virginia in the French and Indian War, Lord Dunmore's War, the Revolution, the later Indian Wars, the Whiskey Insurrection, the Second War with England, the War with Mexico, and Addenda relating to West Virginians in the Civil War" (pp. 279). Many of these pages are occupied with lists of soldiers, pensioners, etc. Although most of this material has been printed elsewhere the assembling of it in such a volume is a useful labor.

A region having marked individuality is treated by Mr. Alfred Moore Waddell in *A History of New Hanover County and the Lower Cape Fear Region* (Wilmington, N. C., the author), of which volume I., now published, runs from 1723 to 1800.

The contents of the *South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine* for July are for the most part continuations. Mr. Henry A. M. Smith writes a history of the Sewee barony, being the fifth of his papers on the baronies of South Carolina; J. F. Grimké's "Journal of the Campaign to the Southward, May 9 to July 14, 1778," covers the events of June; and the documentary contributions of Miss Webber and Mr. Salley are continued. This number of the *Magazine* includes also a statement of Dr. Robert Lebby concerning "The First Shot on Fort Sumter" Dr. Lebby was a practising physician on James's

Island at the time and writes from personal recollection, besides offering other evidence.

The minutes of the commissioners of the Navy Board of South Carolina, October 9, 1776, to March 23, 1780, with some other documents respecting the South Carolina navy, came somehow into the possession of the state of New York early in the nineteenth century. Efforts of South Carolina to recover them just before the Albany fire proved unavailing. They have now however been restored to the Historical Commission of South Carolina, though with some serious damage from the fire, and will before long be printed by that commission.

Mr. Peter J. Hamilton has brought together his recent studies in the early history of Mobile, made in connection with the celebration in May, 1911, of the bicentenary of the founding of the city, and has published them in a pamphlet of 104 pages with the title *The Founding of Mobile, 1702-1718* (Mobile, Commercial Printing Company). At the end of the volume is a map showing the relation of the French town to the modern city. The author states that these studies are based upon manuscript and early sources and are in large measure independent of and supplementary to his *Colonial Mobile*.

In addition to the anticipatory notice of the contents of volume XI. of the *Publications* of the Mississippi Historical Society mention may be made of the following papers: "Evolution of Wilkinson County", by J. H. Jones; "Antebellum Times in Monroe County", by E. F. Puckett; and "Beginning of a new Period in the Political History of Mississippi", by Professor G. H. Brunson.

A reprint (in English only) of the *Acts passed by the Twenty-Seventh Legislature of the State of Louisiana in extra Session at Opelousas, December, 1862, and January, 1863*, originally published at Natchitoches in 1864, has been brought out in New Orleans by J. G. Hauser.

The Texas Library and Historical Commission, constituted under act of March 19, 1909, presents now its *First Biennial Report* (Austin, 1911, pp. 44, 337). The librarian reports the acquisition of the diary of Judge Anderson Hutchinson during his captivity in Mexico, 1842-1843, of a body of letters of Albert T. Burnley, loan commissioner of the republic from 1837 to 1840, and, most important of all, of the papers of President Mirabeau B. Lamar. Good plans respecting the publication of a series entitled *Texas Archives* are reported. As a specimen, the Secret Journals of the Senate of the Congresses of the Republic of Texas (excepting the ninth), 1836-1845, are presented in a well-edited text of 337 pages.

In the July number of this journal (p. 889) mention was made of the acquisition by the University of Texas of the papers of Colonel Anthony Butler. In the issue of the *Nation* for June 15, Professor Eugene C. Barker gives a more extended account of these papers.

The State Library of Texas has come into possession of three rare volumes of Texas laws: a translation into Spanish of 116 of the general laws of 1836-1841; a translation into German of 101 laws of 1849-1850; and a translation into German of 79 laws of 1853-1854. None of these volumes was known to any of the large law libraries of the United States.

The principal paper in the July issue of the *Quarterly of the Texas State Historical Association* is "The Aguayo Expedition into Texas and Louisiana, 1719-1722" (pp. 65), by Eleanor Claire Buckley. The work represents extensive investigation into primary as well as secondary sources. Besides the author's annotations and comments, a number of valuable notes are furnished by Professor Herbert E. Bolton. In an article on "The Jumano Indians in Texas, 1650-1771", Professor Bolton in a measure clears up from recently discovered materials the obscurity of Jumano history after the middle of the seventeenth century.

Dr. Gilbert G. Benjamin's interesting *The Germans in Texas: a Study in Immigration*, noticed by us on its appearance in articles in volume VII. of *German American Annals*, is now available as a separate book (Philadelphia, Americana Germanica Press, pp. 161).

The *Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly* prints in its April-July issue a history of Logan, the Mingo chief (1710-1780), from the Draper manuscripts, and a journal of the Kendal community, contributed, with a prefatory statement, by Mr. W. P. Fox. The Kendal community was a religious community that existed from 1826 to 1829 at Kendal (now a part of Massillon), Ohio. The other papers of chief importance in this issue of the *Quarterly* are: "The Ohio River", by A. B. Hulbert; "The Cincinnati Municipal Election of 1828", by Mary Baker Furness; and "Oberlin's Part in the Slavery Conflict", by W. G. Burroughs.

The April-June issue of the *Quarterly Publication of the Historical and Philosophical Society of Ohio* is entirely occupied with selections from the Torrence papers, this being the sixth group of those papers which the *Quarterly* has published. The letters date from 1812 to 1827 and are mainly to Thomas Sloo, jr., who was prominently connected with the Miami Exporting Company, the second United States branch bank of Cincinnati, and the Illinois-Michigan canal; they therefore illustrate commercial conditions in the West during the period.

In *Ohio Politics during the Civil War Period* (Columbia University Studies in History, Economics, and Public Law) Mr. G. H. Porter makes a careful study of Ohio's attitude toward national questions and the part which the state took in national affairs during the period.

In the *Indiana Quarterly Magazine of History* for June Professor Christopher B. Coleman offers some reflections on the development of state constitutions, and Mr. W. D. Waldrup writes of Newport, Indiana, as a station of the Underground Railroad.

The legislature of Illinois at its last session appropriated \$2500 for inspection of and reporting upon county and other local archives during the next biennial period, and \$5500 per annum for the work of procuring and preserving documentary historical materials. It has also appointed a commission to prepare plans for a building in Springfield in which, among other scientific and historical objects, the State Historical Library and perhaps the archives shall be cared for.

The July issue of the *Journal of the Illinois State Historical Society* is occupied in large measure with the society's annual reports, but there are also several brief articles. Mr. Charles M. Thompson contributes a short account of "The Monetary System of Nouvelle France"; Mr. J. F. Stewart a description of the Sac and Fox trail, with maps; Mr. J. O. Cunningham an account of the Danville and Fort Clark road; and Mr. Duane Mowry some material for the life of Senator James R. Doolittle.

Volume XXXVII. of the *Collections* of the Michigan Pioneer and Historical Society (Lansing, 1910, pp. 761) contains the territorial records of the period 1803-1815, from the Burton Library; letters on the fur-trade, 1833, by William Johnston; territorial papers of 1831-1836, correspondence of territorial governors, etc., chiefly from the Schoolcraft collection; and Perrault's relation of the travels and adventures of a merchant voyageur, 1783-1820. The society intends before long to begin the printing of a series of papers relating to the French Northwest, translated from the texts of Margry after collation with the latter's original papers in the Bibliothèque Nationale at Paris.

At its biennial session recently ended, the Wisconsin legislature not only increased the annual stipend of the Wisconsin Historical Society by \$5000 but made a special grant of \$162,000 for the erection of a new wing to the society's library building.

The Wisconsin History Commission has brought out *Wisconsin Women in the War between the States* (pp. xix, 190), by Miss Ethel Alice Hurn, an interesting account of soldiers' aid societies, hospital services, and the like, based on varied manuscript, pamphlet, and newspaper material.

Mr. Warren Upham, secretary of the Minnesota Historical Society, has in preparation a volume of Minnesota biography, one on Minnesota geographic names, and another relating to the history of the society.

The *Tenth Biennial Report* of the Historical Department of Iowa contains a list of the bound volumes of Iowa newspapers in possession of the department.

Miss Ethyl Edna Martin writes for the July number of the *Iowa Journal of History and Politics* an account of the expedition of Zebulon M. Pike to the sources of the Mississippi in 1805 and 1806. Pike's own account, published in 1810, has been largely drawn upon but several

other sources have been consulted. An analysis of the settlement of Woodbury County, Iowa, by Professor F. H. Garver, is a useful study of the movement of population westward of the Mississippi. "The Territorial Convention of 1837" comprises a group of documents bearing upon the convention taken for the most part from the *Iowa News*. Besides the proceedings of the convention appear the proceedings of various public meetings and some memorials presented to the convention. The *Journal* also reprints from the *Iowa News* the proceedings of a council with the Chippewa Indians held by Governor Henry Dodge of the original Territory of Wisconsin, in July, 1837.

In the July number of the *Missouri Historical Review* Mr. Frederick J. Teggart gives an account of the capture of St. Joseph, Michigan, by the Spaniards in 1781 and discusses the reasons for the expedition. Mr. Teggart's account is based upon original documents in the Pinart-Bancroft collection in the University of California, and his conclusions are at variance with some that have hitherto been advanced. In the same issue of the *Review* Dr. Jonas Viles discusses the population and extent of settlement in Missouri before 1804.

The third volume of the *Publications of the Arkansas Historical Association* is now in the press and will be distributed about the first of November. Among the chapters are: Constitutional Convention of 1836, Reminiscences of a Federal Prisoner in Arkansas, Legal Status of the Slave in Arkansas, Chester Ashley, and the History of Suffrage in Arkansas. Among the contributors are Judge Jacob Trieber, Judge U. M. Rose, and Joseph T. Robinson.

The Arkansas History Commission has appointed Mr. Dallas T. Herndon, a recent doctor of philosophy of the University of Chicago, its secretary. His work will correspond to that of the directors of the departments of archives and history in other states.

Among the announcements of McClurg is *Kansas in the Sixties*, by Samuel J. Crawford, "war governor".

Volume III. of *Constitutions and Conventions of Nebraska*, published by the State Historical Society, is now in press; the society also has in preparation an additional volume of *Collections*.

A commission created by act of the legislature of Nebraska has been marking the old Oregon Trail throughout its course in that state.

Volume V. of the *South Dakota Historical Collections* (Pierre, 1910 [1911], pp. 444) contains a full account of the "capital and capitol history" of South Dakota, reminiscences of Dakota campaigns by John Pattee, an account of early surveys, and several papers on the Sioux Indians.

*Historia Illustrada de Nuevo Mexico* (pp. 616), by Mr. B. M. Read, is published in Santa Fé, by the Compañía Impresora del Nuevo Mexicano.

The December (1910) number of the *Quarterly of the Oregon Historical Society* has but recently come to hand. With it comes the title-page for volume XI. of the *Quarterly*, "March, 1911—December, 1911". This is evidently an error for 1910. In this number appears part I. (the period of provisional government) of "The Rise and Early History of Political Parties in Oregon", a doctoral dissertation by W. C. Woodward. It is in two chapters, the first treating of the political basis as found in settlement and the second of American self-government. Part II. will treat of political organization during the period of the territorial government, and part III. of the Civil War period. The Oregon archives are used to some extent in the preparation of the work but for the most part reliance is placed on secondary sources. The *Quarterly* continues the Peter Skene Ogden journals and Professor F. G. Young's "Financial History of Oregon".

The Academy of Pacific Coast History has published the *Diary of Pedro Fages*, edited by Professor Herbert E. Bolton. The diary describes an expedition from Monterey to San Francisco Bay in 1770.

*General Stephen W. Kearny and the Conquest of California, 1846-1847* (pp. 35), by Valentine Mott Porter, vice-president of the Missouri Historical Society, has been reprinted from the *Annual Publications* of the Historical Society of Southern California. The purpose of the paper, says the author, "is to try to direct attention to General Kearny's services in California, to point out some omissions, inaccuracies, and wrong conclusions in the current histories, and, for the benefit of those who regard the winning of California as a not altogether glorious chapter in American history, to hold up before them one 'Conqueror' upon whom there is no taint of the spoiler or the charlatan". A letter from General Kearny to his wife, dated December 19, 1846, describing conditions in San Diego, is printed in full, and there are portraits of Kearny, Stockton, and Frémont.

The Philippines Library at Manila, now under the conduct of Dr. James A. Robertson, has recently acquired by purchase the famous library of Filipiniana owned by Dr. T. H. Pardo de Tavera. This makes that institution's collection of Philippine books the largest in the world.

The *Report of the Work of the Archive Branch* for the year 1909 (pp. 125), an appendix to the annual report of the Canadian Minister of Agriculture, is chiefly occupied with a list of the contents of a body of (duplicate) original despatches relating to Lower and Upper Canada, from 1771 to 1840, received from the Colonial Office in London. The Archive Branch has just issued Mr. H. P. Biggar's *The Precursors of Jacques Cartier, 1497-1534, a Collection of Documents relating to the Early History of the Dominion of Canada* (pp. xxxi, 213).

The June issue of the *Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science* bears the secondary title "Political and Social Progress in Latin America". The papers treat largely of matters commer-

cial although some of them are of an historical character, for instance: "The Monroe Doctrine of the Fourth Pan-American Conference", by Alejandro Alvarez, and "The Social Evolution of the Argentine Republic", by Ernesto Quesada.

As volumes XXXV. and XXXVI. of his *Documentos Inéditos ó muy Raros para la Historia de México* (Mexico, Bouret, 1911, pp. 328, 340) Señor Genaro García has published, from a unique copy of the original edition (Puebla, 1824), *La Cooperacion de Mexico en la Independencia de Centro America*, by General Vicente Filisola, who in 1822 and 1823 commanded Iturbide's troops in Guatemala and San Salvador, and who afterward played a part in the war against Texas. The memoir, a bitter defense against detractors, is rich in important documents.

In a portion of the *Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional*, also separately published, Señor Carlos de Velasco publishes a series of biographical accounts, with portraits, of the thirty members of the Academy of History of Cuba, instituted by the president of the republic, as previously mentioned in these pages, by decree of August 20, 1910—*Los Académicos de Número* (Havana, Biblioteca Nacional, 1910, pp. 68).

Señor Fernando Ortiz has brought to light a manuscript *Historia de Santiago de Cuba*, written in 1823 by José María Callejas, lieutenant-colonel of artillery, and has printed it, first in the *Revista Bimestre Cubana* and now separately (Havana, 1911, pp. 136). The manuscript has undergone in the hands of Señor Ortiz some needful arrangement and much correction of errors which were probably clerical, and the orthography has been adapted to present usage. The work of Callejas essentially pertains to the quarter of a century ending in 1823, the history prior to 1798 being little more than a skeleton chronicle occupying less than 40 pages to about 80 devoted to the period after that date. Probably the chapter of greatest interest is that covering the administration of Sebastián Kindelán. The editor furnishes an introduction (18 pages) relative to the author and his work.

*A Study of the Question of Boundaries between the Republics of Peru and Ecuador*, a translation by H. W. Van Dyke of the work of Vicente Santamaría de Paredes, has been privately printed in Washington by Byron S. Adams.

The Argentine Ministry of Foreign Relations has published the third volume of its *Catálogo de Documentos del Archivo de Indias en Sevilla, referentes a la Historia de la República Argentina, 1778-1820* (Buenos Aires, 1911, pp. 329).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: S. G. Morley, *The Historical Value of the Books of Chilan Balam* (American Journal of Archaeology, April-June) : J. G. Rosengarten, *Moreau de Saint Mery and His French Friends in the American Philosophical Society* (Proceedings, May-June) ; D. D. Wallace, *Jefferson's Part in the Purchase of Louisiana* (Sewanee Re-

view, July); E. A. Cruikshank, *Harrison and Procter: the River Raisin* (Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, third series, IV. 2); D. R. Anderson, *William B. Giles and States Rights in Virginia after the War of 1812* (South Atlantic Quarterly, July); James Ford Rhodes, *The Railroad Riots of 1877* (Scribner's, July); *id.*, *The National Republican Conventions of 1880 and 1884* (*ibid.*, September); Frederick Funston, *Philippine Experiences, I.-IV.* (*ibid.*, June-September); E. L. Bogart, *History of the State Debt of Ohio* (Journal of Political Economy, February, May).